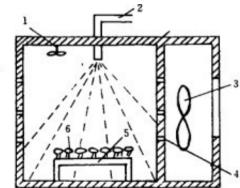
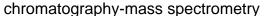
Analysis of Volatile Flavor Components of Agaricus blazei Murrill by Different Drying Methods

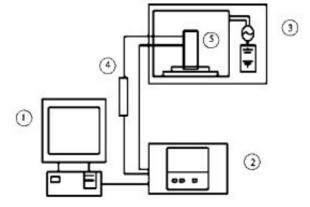
The volatile flavor components of Agaricus blazei Murrill dried by three different drying methods: hot air constant temperature drying, microwave drying equipment and vacuum freeze drying were detected and analyzed. The results showed that 20, 50, 43 and 22 volatile flavor components were detected in fresh Agaricus blazei Murrill, hot air constant temperature drying, microwave drying and vacuum freeze drying, respectively.



Alcohol, aldehyde, ketone, phenol and ether were newly formed by hot air constant temperature drying, which had certain effect on the improvement and flavor enhancement of Agaricus blazei Murrill. More aldehydes were produced by microwave drying, which made the dried Agaricus blazei Murrill have special cinnamon aroma and bitter almond-like aroma. Vacuum freeze-drying treatment of Agaricus blazei Murrill and fresh Agaricus Murrill had close overall flavor components, indicating that vacuum drying could improve the flavor of Agaricus blazei Murrill. Freeze-drying method can keep the original flavor of Agaricus blazei Murrill better.

Key words: Agaricus blazei Murrill microwave drying; drying method; flavor components; gas





Agaricus blazei Murrill, also known as Brazilian mushroom and small mushroom, is a medicinal and edible fungus originating in the United States and Brazil, which is called "God's mushroom" locally. Agaricus blazei Murrill has a strong almond aroma, rich in polysaccharides, proteins, vitamins and trace elements, and has many health functions that other food resources can not

replace.

Fresh Agaricus blazei Murrill is liable to rot and deteriorate because of its strong respiration and high moisture content, so it must be preserved. Dry Agaricus blazei Murrill products are easy to store and transport, and have a long shelf life.

Relevant studies have shown that drying method is an important factor affecting the quality of dried food, especially the flavor of the products. The types and contents of volatile flavor components are important indicators affecting the quality of dried food.

In recent years, the extraction of Polysaccharides from Agaricus blazei Murrill, liquid fermentation, functional components and medicinal mechanism have been mainly studied at home and abroad, and the influence of volatile flavor components and comprehensive quality of Agaricus blazei Murrill has been less studied. During the drying process of Agaricus blazei Murrill, due to the evaporation of water, the interaction between molecules occurs.